CRIMINAL DACKGROUND CHECKS ON MOTOR					
VEHICLE DEALERS AND SALESPERSONS					
2010 GENERAL SESSION					
STATE OF UTAH					
Chief Sponsor: Rebecca D. Lockhart					
Senate Sponsor: Mark B. Madsen					
LONG TITLE					
Committee Note:					
The Judiciary, Law Enforcement, and Criminal Justice Interim Committee					
recommended this bill.					
General Description:					
This bill modifies the Motor Vehicle Business Regulation Act and the Public Safety					
Code by amending provisions relating to criminal background checks on motor vehicle					
dealers and salespersons.					
Highlighted Provisions:					
This bill:					
requires every applicant for a motor vehicle $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\text{dealer or}] \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ salesperson license to					
submit					
fingerprints with a completed application to the Motor Vehicle Enforcement					
Division;					
Ĥ→ <u>requires certain persons that renewed a motor vehicle salesperson license</u>					
to submit fingerprints to the Motor Vehicle Enforcement Division;					
 provides that the Motor Vehicle Enforcement Division shall submit fingerprints for 					
each applicant to the Bureau of Criminal Identification;					
requires the Bureau of Criminal Identification to:					
• compare motor vehicle $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\text{dealer and}] \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ salesperson applicant fingerprints with					
certain					
criminal databases and inform the Motor Vehicle Enforcement Division of its					
findings; and					
• maintain a separate file of motor vehicle Ĥ→ [dealer and] ←Ĥ salesperson					
fingerprints and					



28	notify the Motor Vehicle Enforcement Division when a new entry is made concerning a person				
29	in the file regarding an arrest for certain offenses;				
30	► Ĥ→ [provides that] requires ←Ĥ the Motor Vehicle Enforcement Division				
30a	Ĥ→ [shall pay the costs incurred				
31	by the Bureau of Criminal Identification from fees paid by those submitting				
32	fingerprints] to:				
32a	• impose the fees that the Bureau of Criminal Identification is authorized to collect				
32b	for certain services $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$; $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \underline{\mathbf{and}}$				
32c	 remit the fees collected to the Bureau of Criminal Identification; 				
32d	 requires the Motor Vehicle Enforcement Division to suspend the salesperson license 				
32e	of a salesperson who fails to submit the fingerprints as required; Ĥ				
33	 provides that the Motor Vehicle Enforcement Division shall use information 				
34	received from the Bureau of Criminal Identification to determine whether a license				
35	should be denied, suspended, or revoked; and				
36	makes technical changes.				
37	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:				
38	None				
39	Other Special Clauses:				
40	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2010.				
41	Utah Code Sections Affected:				
42	AMENDS:				
43	41-3-209 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382				
44	53-10-202, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 263				
45	ENACTS:				
46	41-3-205.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953				
47					
48	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:				
49	Section 1. Section 41-3-205.5 is enacted to read:				
50	41-3-205.5. Licenses Criminal background check required on \hat{H} → [dealer's and] ← \hat{H}				
51	salesperson's licenses Payment of cost.				
52	(1) (a) Every applicant for a $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{dealer's or}}] \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ salesperson's license shall submit				
52a	fingerprints				
53	with a completed application to the division.				
53a	$\hat{H} \rightarrow$ (b) A person required to renew a salesperson license on or before June 30,				

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53b	2010 shall submit fingerprints to the division on or before November 30, 2010.				
54	(b) For purposes of Subsection (1)(a), an applicant for a dealer's license includes every				
55	owner, partner, officer, or director of the dealer.] ←Ĥ				
56	(2) The division shall submit fingerprints for each applicant described in Subsection				
57	(1) to the Bureau of Criminal Identification established in Section 53-10-201.				
58	(3) The Bureau of Criminal Identification shall:				

59	(a) check the information submitted by the division for an applicant under Subsection					
60	(2) against the applicable state and regional criminal records databases; and					
61	(b) release to the division all information obtained under Subsection (3)(a) relating to					
62	the applicant.					
63	(4) (a) The Bureau of Criminal Identification shall maintain a separate file of					
64	fingerprints submitted under Subsection (2) and notify the division when a new entry is made					
65	in the applicable state and regional database against a person whose fingerprints are held in the					
66	file regarding any matter involving an arrest under state law involving:					
67	(i) motor vehicles:					
68	(ii) controlled substances;					
69	(iii) fraud; or					
70	(iv) a registerable sex offense under Section 77-27-21.5.					
71	(b) Upon request by the division, the Bureau of Criminal Identification shall inform the					
72	division whether a person whose arrest was reported to the division under Subsection (4)(a)					
73	was subsequently convicted of the charge for which the person was arrested.					
74	Ĥ→ [(5) The division shall pay the costs incurred by the Bureau of Criminal Identification					
75	under Subsections (3) and (4) from fees charged by the division to those submitting					
76	fingerprints.					
76a	(5) In addition to any fees imposed under this chapter, the division shall:					
76b	(a) impose on individuals submitting fingerprints in accordance with this section the					
76c	fees that the Bureau of Criminal Identification is authorized to collect for the services the					
76d	Bureau of Criminal Identification provides under Subsections (3) and (4); and					
76e	(b) remit the fees collected under Subsection (5)(a) to the Bureau of Criminal					
76f	<u>Identification.</u> ←Ĥ					
77	(6) The division shall use information received from the Bureau of Criminal					
78	Identification under this section to determine whether a license should be denied, suspended, or					
79	revoked under Section 41-3-209.					
80	Section 2. Section 41-3-209 is amended to read:					
81	41-3-209. Administrator's findings Suspension and revocation of license.					
82	(1) If the administrator finds that an applicant is not qualified to receive a license, a					
83	license may not be granted.					
84	(2) (a) Ĥ→ On December 1, 2010, the administrator shall suspend the license of a					
84a	salesperson who fails to submit to the division fingerprints as required under					
84b	Subsection 41-3-205.5(1)(b) on or before November 30, 2010.					

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84c	(b) \leftarrow $\hat{\mathbf{H}}$ If the administrator finds that there is reasonable cause to deny, suspend, or
85	revoke a license issued under this chapter, the administrator shall deny, suspend, or revoke the
86	license.
87	$\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{(\mathbf{b})}] \underline{(\mathbf{c})} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ Reasonable cause for denial, suspension, or revocation of a license
87a	includes, in
88	relation to the applicant or license holder or any of its partners, officers, or directors:
89	(i) lack of a principal place of business;

90	(ii) lack of a sales tax license required under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax				
91	Act;				
92	(iii) lack of a bond in effect as required by this chapter;				
93	(iv) current revocation or suspension of a dealer, dismantler, auction, or salesperson				
94	license issued in another state;				
95	(v) nonpayment of required fees;				
96	(vi) making a false statement on any application for a license under this chapter or for				
97	special license plates;				
98	(vii) a violation of any state or federal law involving motor vehicles;				
99	(viii) a violation of any state or federal law involving controlled substances;				
100	(ix) charges filed with any county attorney, district attorney, or U.S. attorney in any				
101	court of competent jurisdiction for a violation of any state or federal law involving motor				
102	vehicles;				
103	(x) a violation of any state or federal law involving fraud; or				
104	(xi) a violation of any state or federal law involving a registerable sex offense under				
105	Section 77-27-21.5.				
	$\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [(\mathbf{c})] (\underline{\mathbf{d}}) \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ Any action taken by the administrator under Subsection				
106	$\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [(\mathbf{c})] (\underline{\mathbf{d}}) \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ Any action taken by the administrator under Subsection				
106 106a	$\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [(\mathbf{c})] \ (\mathbf{d}) \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ Any action taken by the administrator under Subsection $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [(2)(\mathbf{b})(\mathbf{i}\mathbf{x})] \ (2)(\mathbf{c})(\mathbf{i}\mathbf{x}) \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ shall remain in				
106a	$\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\frac{(2)(b)(ix)}{(2)(c)(ix)} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ shall remain in				
106a 107	$\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\frac{(2)(\mathbf{b})(\mathbf{i}\mathbf{x})}{(2)(\mathbf{c})(\mathbf{i}\mathbf{x})}] \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ shall remain in effect until a final resolution is reached by the court involved or the charges are dropped.				
106a 107 108	 Ĥ→ [(2)(b)(ix)] (2)(c)(ix) ←Ĥ shall remain in effect until a final resolution is reached by the court involved or the charges are dropped. (3) If the administrator finds that an applicant is not qualified to receive a license under 				
106a 107 108 109	 Ĥ→ [(2)(b)(ix)] (2)(c)(ix) ←Ĥ shall remain in effect until a final resolution is reached by the court involved or the charges are dropped. (3) If the administrator finds that an applicant is not qualified to receive a license under this section, the administrator shall provide the applicant written notice of the reason for the 				
106a 107 108 109 110	 Ĥ→ [(2)(b)(ix)] (2)(c)(ix) ←Ĥ shall remain in effect until a final resolution is reached by the court involved or the charges are dropped. (3) If the administrator finds that an applicant is not qualified to receive a license under this section, the administrator shall provide the applicant written notice of the reason for the denial. 				
106a 107 108 109 110 111	 Ĥ→ [(2)(b)(ix)] (2)(c)(ix) ←Ĥ shall remain in effect until a final resolution is reached by the court involved or the charges are dropped. (3) If the administrator finds that an applicant is not qualified to receive a license under this section, the administrator shall provide the applicant written notice of the reason for the denial. [(3)] (4) If the administrator finds that the license holder has been convicted by a court 				
106a 107 108 109 110 111 112	 Ĥ→ [(2)(b)(ix)] (2)(c)(ix) ←Ĥ shall remain in effect until a final resolution is reached by the court involved or the charges are dropped. (3) If the administrator finds that an applicant is not qualified to receive a license under this section, the administrator shall provide the applicant written notice of the reason for the denial. [(3)] (4) If the administrator finds that the license holder has been convicted by a court of competent jurisdiction of violating any of the provisions of this chapter or any rules made by 				
106a 107 108 109 110 111 112 113	 Ĥ→ [(2)(b)(ix)] (2)(c)(ix) ←Ĥ shall remain in effect until a final resolution is reached by the court involved or the charges are dropped. (3) If the administrator finds that an applicant is not qualified to receive a license under this section, the administrator shall provide the applicant written notice of the reason for the denial. [(3)] (4) If the administrator finds that the license holder has been convicted by a court of competent jurisdiction of violating any of the provisions of this chapter or any rules made by the administrator, or finds other reasonable cause, the administrator may, by complying with 				
106a 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114	Ĥ→ [(2)(b)(ix)] (2)(c)(ix) ←Ĥ shall remain in effect until a final resolution is reached by the court involved or the charges are dropped. (3) If the administrator finds that an applicant is not qualified to receive a license under this section, the administrator shall provide the applicant written notice of the reason for the denial. [(3)] (4) If the administrator finds that the license holder has been convicted by a court of competent jurisdiction of violating any of the provisions of this chapter or any rules made by the administrator, or finds other reasonable cause, the administrator may, by complying with the emergency procedures of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act:				
106a 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115	Ĥ→ [(2)(b)(ix)] (2)(c)(ix) ←Ĥ shall remain in effect until a final resolution is reached by the court involved or the charges are dropped. (3) If the administrator finds that an applicant is not qualified to receive a license under this section, the administrator shall provide the applicant written notice of the reason for the denial. [(3)] (4) If the administrator finds that the license holder has been convicted by a court of competent jurisdiction of violating any of the provisions of this chapter or any rules made by the administrator, or finds other reasonable cause, the administrator may, by complying with the emergency procedures of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act: (a) suspend the license on terms and for a period of time the administrator finds				
106a 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116	Ĥ→ [(2)(b)(ix)] (2)(c)(ix) ←Ĥ shall remain in effect until a final resolution is reached by the court involved or the charges are dropped. (3) If the administrator finds that an applicant is not qualified to receive a license under this section, the administrator shall provide the applicant written notice of the reason for the denial. [(3)] (4) If the administrator finds that the license holder has been convicted by a court of competent jurisdiction of violating any of the provisions of this chapter or any rules made by the administrator, or finds other reasonable cause, the administrator may, by complying with the emergency procedures of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act: (a) suspend the license on terms and for a period of time the administrator finds reasonable; or				
106a 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117	Ĥ→ [(2)(b)(ix)] (2)(c)(ix) ←Ĥ shall remain in effect until a final resolution is reached by the court involved or the charges are dropped. (3) If the administrator finds that an applicant is not qualified to receive a license under this section, the administrator shall provide the applicant written notice of the reason for the denial. [(3)] (4) If the administrator finds that the license holder has been convicted by a court of competent jurisdiction of violating any of the provisions of this chapter or any rules made by the administrator, or finds other reasonable cause, the administrator may, by complying with the emergency procedures of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act: (a) suspend the license on terms and for a period of time the administrator finds reasonable; or (b) revoke the license.				

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121	(ii) prevent the former licensee from violating the law by conducting business without
122	a license.
123	(b) Action under Subsection [(4)] (5)(a) may include signs, banners, barriers, locks,
124	bulletins, and notices.
125	(c) Any business being conducted incidental to the business for which the former
126	licensee was licensed may continue to operate subject to the preventive action taken under this
127	subsection.
128	Section 3. Section 53-10-202 is amended to read:
129	53-10-202. Criminal identification Duties of bureau.
130	The bureau shall:
131	(1) procure and file information relating to identification and activities of persons who:
132	(a) are fugitives from justice;
133	(b) are wanted or missing;
134	(c) have been arrested for or convicted of a crime under the laws of any state or nation;
135	and
136	(d) are believed to be involved in racketeering, organized crime, or a dangerous
137	offense;
138	(2) establish a statewide uniform crime reporting system that shall include:
139	(a) statistics concerning general categories of criminal activities;
140	(b) statistics concerning crimes that exhibit evidence of prejudice based on race,
141	religion, ancestry, national origin, ethnicity, or other categories that the division finds
142	appropriate; and
143	(c) other statistics as required by the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
144	(3) make a complete and systematic record and index of the information obtained
145	under this part;
146	(4) subject to the restrictions in this part, establish policy concerning the use and
147	dissemination of data obtained under this part;
148	(5) publish an annual report concerning the extent, fluctuation, distribution, and nature
149	of crime in Utah;
150	(6) establish a statewide central register for the identification and location of missing
151	persons, which may include:

152	(a) identifying data including fingerprints of each missing person;					
153	(b) identifying data of any missing person who is reported as missing to a law					
154	enforcement agency having jurisdiction;					
155	(c) dates and circumstances of any persons requesting or receiving information from					
156	the register; and					
157	(d) any other information, including blood types and photographs found necessary in					
158	furthering the purposes of this part;					
159	(7) publish a quarterly directory of missing persons for distribution to persons or					
160	entities likely to be instrumental in the identification and location of missing persons;					
161	(8) list the name of every missing person with the appropriate nationally maintained					
162	missing persons lists;					
163	(9) establish and operate a 24-hour communication network for reports of missing					
164	persons and reports of sightings of missing persons;					
165	(10) coordinate with the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children and other					
166	agencies to facilitate the identification and location of missing persons and the identification of					
167	unidentified persons and bodies;					
168	(11) receive information regarding missing persons, as provided in Sections 26-2-27					
169	and 53A-11-502, and stolen vehicles, vessels, and outboard motors, as provided in Section					
170	41-1a-1401;					
171	(12) adopt systems of identification, including the fingerprint system, to be used by the					
172	division to facilitate law enforcement; [and]					
173	(13) assign a distinguishing number or mark of identification to any pistol or revolver,					
174	as provided in Section 76-10-520[- -]; and					
175	(14) check certain criminal records databases for information regarding motor vehicle					
176	Ĥ→ [dealer and] ←Ĥ salesperson applicants, maintain a separate file of fingerprints for motor					
176a	<u>vehicle</u>					
177	Ĥ→ [dealers and] ←Ĥ salespersons, and inform the Motor Vehicle Enforcement Division when new					
178	entries are made for certain criminal offenses for motor vehicle Ĥ→ [dealers and] ←Ĥ salespersons					
178a	<u>in</u>					
179	accordance with the requirements of Section 41-3-205.5.					
180	Section 4. Effective date.					
181	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2010.					

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Legislative Review Note as of 11-18-09 4:44 PM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

Fiscal Note

H.B. 37 - Criminal Background Checks on Motor Vehicle Dealers and Salespersons - As Amended

2010 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will require \$211,200 in dedicated credits for FY 2011 and \$11,200 in dedicated credits for FY 2012 to fund collection and compilation of motor vehicle dealer and salesperson fingerprints. The bill authorizes a fee to collect such dedicated credits.

	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	F I 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012
	Approp.	Approp.	Approp.	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue
Dedicated Credits	\$0	\$211,200	\$11,200			\$11,200
Total	\$0	\$211,200	\$11,200		\$211,200	

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Individuals and businesses will be subject to a \$5 fee for fingerprinting of motor vehicle dealers and salespersons. Local governments are unaffected.

3/10/2010, 2:44:03 PM, Lead Analyst: Young, T./Attny: SCH

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst